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APPLICATION N	Ю.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/750,105		12/29/2000	James M. Rogers	BS00-139	6282	
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SHAW PITTMAN			MANNING, JOHN			
IP GROUP 1650 TYSONS BOULEVARD			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	M				
•	09/750,105	ROGERS ET AL.	I				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	John Manning	2614					
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	pears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailir earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a oly within the statutory minimum of th will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO e, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u>_</u> .						
· <u> </u>	s action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	awn from consideration.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable Applicant may not request that any objection to the	cepted or b) objected to e drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	`` <u> </u>						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	nts have been received. Its have been received in a prity documents have been au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date					
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date		Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-2, 3, 8, 12-17 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hite et al. (US Pat No 5,774,170).

In regard to claim 1, the Hite at al. reference discloses a system and method for delivering targeted advertisements to consumers. The method of claim 1 is met by the method carried out by the system depicted in Figure 1. The claimed step of "storing a plurality of advertisements in a media delivery device in a database, wherein the stored advertisements are each of a type that is determined to appeal to one or more users of the media delivery device" is met by the optional video storage device 456 of Figure 5. The claimed step of "receiving a signal in the media delivery device to insert a stored advertisement into the media delivery stream during broadcast media programming" is met by the commercial processor 438 of Figure 5. The claimed step of "inserting an advertisement stored in the database into the media delivery stream" is met by Figure 5. The "Commercial Processor 438 can cause commercial signals to be stored or played back from the Optional Video Storage Device 456 by signals conveyed by electrical and/or optical connection 462 to the Optional Video Storage Device 456" (Col 14, Lines

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28-32). Where the advertisements "are matched to the viewer's interests and needs" (Col 3, Lines 21-22).

In regard to claim 2, the reference discloses that the advertisements are commercials. "The Ad Administration Facility 100 is where customers, commercials, and programs are analyzed and categorized and the results stored in databases" (Col 1, Lines 66-67).

In regard to claim 3, the reference discloses that the "media delivery device" is a set top box for receiving broadcast signals for a cable or satellite television network system. An "individually addressable digital recording device (RD) with a unique address is installed at the display site in the television or radio receiver, VCR, display device or set-top-box or modular decoder associated with the media provider (cable, DBS, telephone, etc.)" (Col 5, Lines 40-45).

In regard to claim 8, the reference discloses that the stored advertisements are received by the "media delivery device" as encoded data files through a telecommunications link to an external database of advertisements as shown in Figure 2. The commercials are compressed therefore they are encoded. The databases are items 102 and 116.

In regard to claim 12, the claimed limitation of "a decoder for decoding broadcast media programming into the media delivery device" is met by the digital demultiplexer 422, the digital descrambler 426, or the digital to analog converter 430 in Figure 5. The claimed limitation "a commercials database for storing advertisements in the media delivery device" is met by the optional video storage device 456 of Figure 5. The

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claimed limitation of "a commercial detector for detecting signals to insert a locally stored advertisement from the commercials database into the media stream" is met by the commercial processor 438 of Figure 5. "Commercial Processor 438 can cause commercial signals to be stored or played back from the Optional Video Storage Device 456 by signals conveyed by electrical and/or optical connection 462 to the Optional Video Storage Device 456" (Col 14, Lines 28-32). Where the advertisements "are matched to the viewer's interests and needs" (Col 3, Lines 21-22). The claimed limitation "means for substituting an advertisement received through broadcast media programming with an advertisement stored in the commercials database" is also met by the commercial processor 438 of Figure 5 (Col 14, Lines 33-46).

In regard to claim 13, the reference discloses that the "media delivery device" is a set top box for receiving broadcast signals for a cable or satellite television network system. An "individually addressable digital recording device (RD) with a unique address is installed at the display site in the television or radio receiver, VCR, display device or set-top-box or modular decoder associated with the media provider (cable, DBS, telephone, etc.)" (Col 5, Lines 40-45).

In regard to claim 14, the claimed limitation of "means for inserting advertisements into the commercials database that are classified as a type that appeals to users of the media delivery device" is met by Figure 5. The "Commercial Processor 438 can cause commercial signals to be stored or played back from the Optional Video Storage Device 456 by signals conveyed by electrical and/or optical connection 462 to

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the Optional Video Storage Device 456" (Col 14, Lines 28-32). Where the advertisements "are matched to the viewer's interests and needs" (Col 3, Lines 21-22).

In regard to claim 15, the claimed limitation of "storing a plurality of television commercials advertising products or services for local business concerns in a database, wherein the advertised products are each of a type that has been determined to appeal to one or more users of the set top box" is met by the optional video storage device 456 of Figure 5. The "Commercial Processor 438 can cause commercial signals to be stored or played back from the Optional Video Storage Device 456 by signals conveyed by electrical and/or optical connection 462 to the Optional Video Storage Device 456" (Col 14, Lines 28-32). Where the advertisements "are matched to the viewer's interests and needs" (Col 3, Lines 21-22). The claimed steps of "receiving a signal in the media programming stream from a broadcasting network to insert a television commercial for a local business concern during a segment of airtime allocated for local commercial advertising" and "inserting a television commercial stored in the database into the media programming stream" are met by the commercial processor 438 of Figure 5 (Col 14, Lines 33-46).

Claim 16 is met by that discussed above for method of claim 15.

In regard to claim 17, the claimed steps of "transmitting a request through a telecommunications link to an external server to receive television commercials for storage in the set top box" and "transmitting signals between the set top box and the server to identify the set top box to the server" are inherent to the system. The claimed step of "receiving encoded data files of television commercials through the

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telecommunications link for storage in the set top box" is met by Figure 2 and Figure 5.

The stored advertisements are received by the "media delivery device" as encoded data files through a telecommunications link to an external database of advertisements as shown in Figure 2. The commercials are compressed therefore they are encoded.

In regard to claim 21, the claimed limitation of "a receiver for receiving broadcast media programming into the set top box" is met by the receiver 410 of Figure 5. The claimed limitation of "a commercials database for storing advertisements in the media delivery device" is met by the optional video storage device 456 of Figure 5. The claimed limitation of "a commercials detector for detecting audio tones in broadcast media programming that indicate authorization for a local television station to insert a locally stored advertisement into the media stream" is met by the commercial processor 438 of Figure 5. "Commercial Processor 438 can cause commercial signals to be stored or played back from the Optional Video Storage Device 456 by signals conveyed by electrical and/or optical connection 462 to the Optional Video Storage Device 456" (Col 14, Lines 28-32). Where the advertisements "are matched to the viewer's interests and needs" (Col 3, Lines 21-22). The claimed limitation of "switching logic to interrupt a television connected to the set top box from the media programming stream and to temporarily decode a television commercial stored in the commercials database when a substitution signal is detected in the commercials detector" is met by the commercial processor 438, the digital demultiplexer 422, and the optional video storage device 456 of Figure 5. "The Commercial Processor 438 can select the data stream processed by

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the digital portions of the system by the system by signals conveyed by electrical and/or optical connection 440 to the Digital Demultiplexer 422" (Col 14, Lines 17-20).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 4-7, 9-11 and 18-20 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hite et al.

In regard to claim 4, the Hite at al. reference discloses a system and method for delivering targeted advertisements to consumers. The reference discloses classifying the commercials; however, the reference is silent with respect to putting the classified commercials in a table form. "Attached to each commercial are codes indicating the conditions and rules required to display the commercial, e.g., date, day-part, network, program context, etc" (Col 7, Lines 7-9). It is submitted that it would have been clearly obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Hite et al. with the classified commercials in table form so as to facilitate searching and accessibility.

In regard to claim 5, the "signal includes at least one classification for one or more of the categories". "Attached to each commercial are codes indicating the

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conditions and rules required to display the commercial, e.g., date, day-part, network, program context, etc" (Col 7, Lines 7-9).

In regard to claim 6, the reference is silent with respect to searching the table in the database for at least one advertisement having a classification in at least one category that is provided in the signal. It is submitted that it would have been clearly obvious, if not inherent, to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Hite et al. with searching the table in the database for at least one advertisement having a classification in at least one category that is provided in the signal so as to provide the appropriate commercial at the appropriate.

In regard to claim 7, the reference discloses the step of selecting an advertisement from the at least one advertisement having a classification provided in the signal by weighting the relative importance of each category in the table. "A frequency indicator code can be appended to the commercial's CID code. The frequency indicator code would be loaded into a register at the display site. The contents of the frequency indicator code register would be decremented each time the commercial is successfully displayed. A successful display of the commercial requires the display device to be in its "on" condition. When the frequency indicator code register reaches zero, the commercial will no longer be displayed" (Col 4, Lines 25-34).

In regard to claim 9, the claimed step of "transmitting a request to an external network through a telecommunications link to receive advertisements for storage in the media delivery device" is inherent to the system. The claimed step of "receiving encoded data files of advertisements through the telecommunications link for storage in

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the media delivery device" is met by Figure 2 and Figure 5. The stored advertisements are received by the "media delivery device" as encoded data files through a telecommunications link to an external database of advertisements as shown in Figure 2. The commercials are compressed therefore they are encoded. The claimed step of "classifying the stored advertisements according to a plurality of categories, which includes a classification according to the type of advertisement that is stored." The reference discloses classifying the commercials. "Attached to each commercial are codes indicating the conditions and rules required to display the commercial, e.g., date, day-part, network, program context, etc" (Col 7, Lines 7-9). The reference is silent with respect to the step of "transmitting signals between the media delivery device and the external network indicating the one or more types of advertisements that appeal to users of the media delivery device". However, the examiner takes OFFICIAL NOTICE that it is notoriously well known in the art to transmit information regarding user preferences, from the user site to the external network so as to provide the user with programming or advertisement that reflect the users interests. Consequently, it would have been clearly obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to implement the Hite et al. reference with "transmitting signals between the media delivery device and the external network indicating the one or more types of advertisements that appeal to users of the media delivery device" so as to provide the user with programming or advertisement that reflect the users interests.

In regard to claim 10, the claimed step of "receiving download signals from the broadcast media stream in the media delivery device to download advertisements for

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storage in the media delivery device, wherein, for each advertisement, the signals include a classification for one or more of the categories as provided in the table for selecting a commercial stored in the database for insertion into the media delivery stream" is met by Figure 2 and Figure 5. The stored advertisements are received by the "media delivery device" as encoded data files through a telecommunications link to an external database of advertisements as shown in Figure 2. The reference discloses classifying the commercials. "Attached to each commercial are codes indicating the conditions and rules required to display the commercial, e.g., date, day-part, network, program context, etc" (Col 7, Lines 7-9). The claimed step of "downloading the advertisements having a classification for one or more of the categories as provided in the table that matches a pre-stored classification in a list of classifications indicating the one or more types of advertisements that appeal to users of the media delivery device" is met by Figure 2 and Figure 5. "A suitable process is used to target prospective viewers of a set of advertisements using database search and list selection procedures. The result of this process is a set of appropriate CID codes for the prospective viewers. These CID codes are transmitted to the viewing device and stored" (Col 3, Lines 65-67; Col 4, Lines 1-2).

In regard to claim 11, the reference discloses that the commercials are classified by codes that are used to determine whether or not to display the commercial.

"Attached to each commercial are codes indicating the conditions and rules required to display the commercial, e.g., date, day-part, network, program context, etc" (Col 7, Lines 7-9). The reference is silent with respect to the categories including one or more

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of: sponsor name; type of product advertised; relative pricing of product advertised; and location of sponsor. However, it is submitted that it would have been clearly obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to implement the included code one or more of: sponsor name; type of product advertised; relative pricing of product advertised; and location of sponsor so as to facilitate the determination of whether or not to display the commercial.

In regard to claim 18, the reference is silent with respect to transmitting signals that "identify the relative location of a household in which the set top box is operating", however, it is submitted that it would have been clearly obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to "identify the relative location of a household in which the set top box is operating" to the "external network" so as to provide demographical information to aid in providing targeted commercials.

In regard to claim 19, the reference is silent with respect to transmitting signals to identify the types of television commercials that are of interest to the users. However, the examiner takes OFFICIAL NOTICE that it is notoriously well known in the art to transmit signals to identify the types of television commercials that are of interest to the users so as to provide the user with programming or advertisement that reflect the users interests. Consequently, it would have been clearly obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to implement the Hite et al. reference with to transmitting signals to identify the types of television commercials that are of interest to the users so as to provide the user with programming or advertisement that reflect the users interests.

In regard to claim 20, the reference is silent with respect to "transmitting a record to a broadcasting network identifying the commercial inserted into the programming

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stream", however, it is submitted that it would have been clearly obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to transmit a record to a broadcasting network identifying the commercial inserted into the programming stream so as to avoid send commercials that have already been viewed.

Conclusion

- 5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure as follows.
 - The Hite et al. (US Pat No 6,002,393) reference discloses a system and method for delivering targeted advertisements to consumers using direct commands.
 - The Wilkins (US Pat No 5,446,919) discloses a communication system and method with demographically or psychographically defined audiences.
 - The Picco et al. (US Pat No 6,029,045) discloses a system and method for inserting local content into programming content.
 - The Alexander et al. (US Pat No 6,177,931) discloses a system and method for displaying and recording control interface with television programs, video, advertising information and program scheduling information.
 - The Zigmond et al. (US Pat No 6,698,020) discloses techniques for intelligent video ad insertion.
 - The Eldering et al. (US Pat No 6,704,930) discloses advertisement insertion techniques for digital video streams.

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6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to John Manning whose telephone number is 703-305-

0345. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F: 7:30 - 5:00 (off every other

Wednesday).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, John W Miller can be reached on 703-305-4795. The fax phone numbers

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-746-9695

for regular communications and 703-746-9695 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

proceeding should be directed to customer service whose telephone number is (703)

308-HELP.

JM

May 28, 2004

JOHN MILLER

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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600